Features

Technology*

- +115°C Maximum Case Temperature
- -45°C Minimum Case Temperature
- Built-in EMC Filter
- Ribbed Case Style
- 2250VDC Isolation
- EN-55022 Class B

RECOM DC/DC Converter

RPP30-2405S

30 Watt 2:1 2" x 1.2" Ribbed Style Single Output

Description

ICF

The RPP30 series 2:1 input range DC/DC converters are ideal for high end industrial applications and COTS Military applications where a very wide operating temperature range of -45°C to +115°C is required. Although the case size is very compact, the converter contains a built-in EMC filter EN-55022 Class B without the need for any external components. The RPP30 is available in a ribbed case style for active cooling. They are UL-60950-1 certified.

Selection Guide								
Part Number	Input Voltage Range	Input Current	Output Voltage	Output Current	Efficiency typ.	Max. Capacitive Load		
	[VDC]	[mA]	[VDC]	[mA]	[%]	[μ F]		
RPP30-2405S	18-36	1390	5	6000	91	2200		

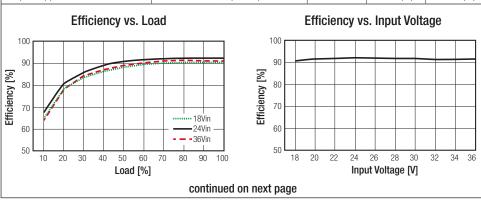
Notes:

Note1: Typical values at nominal input voltage and full load.



Specifications (measured @ ta= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

BASIC CHARACTERISTICS								
Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.					
nom. Vin= 24VDC	18VDC	24VDC	36VDC					
≤100ms			50VDC					
with EMC Filter without EMC Filter			20A 40A					
DC-DC ON DC-DC OFF	17.5VDC		17VDC					
ON / high logic OFF / low logic	Open, 4.5V Short, OV		5.5V 1.2V					
nominal input		5mA						
when use CTRL function		20ms						
	270kHz	300kHz	330kHz					
		±10%						
typ. Vin, full load	90%	91%						
	0%							
20MHz limited, 1µF output MLCC		50mVp-p	100mVp-p					
	nom. Vin= 24VDC ≤100ms with EMC Filter without EMC Filter DC-DC ON DC-DC OFF ON / high logic OFF / low logic nominal input when use CTRL function typ. Vin, full load	nom. Vin= 24VDC ≤100ms with EMC Filter without EMC Filter DC-DC ON DC-DC OFF ON / high logic OFF / low logic nominal input when use CTRL function 270kHz typ. Vin, full load 90% 0%	nom. Vin= 24VDC 18VDC 24VDC ≤100ms 24VDC with EMC Filter 34VDC 24VDC with EMC Filter 34VDC 34VDC DC-DC ON 17.5VDC 34VDC DC-DC OFF 35VDC 35VDC OFF / low logic 35VDC 35VDC Nort, 0V 30VDC 30VDC Nort, 0V 300KHZ 410% 100% 410% 410% 100% 30% 91% 00% 00% 91%					









UL-60950-1 Certified EN-55022 Certified

* ICE Technology

ICE (Innovation in Converter Excellence) uses state-of-the-art techniques to minimise internal power dissipation and to increase the internal temperature limits to extend the ambient operating temperature range to the maximum.



Series

Specifications (measured @ ta= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

Trimming Output Voltage

Only the single output converters have a trim function that allows users to adjust the output voltage from +10% to -10%, please refer to the trim table that follow for details. Adjustment to the output voltage can be used with a simple fixed resistor as shown in Figures 1 and 2. A single fixed resistor can increase or decrease the output voltage depending on its connection. Resistor should be located close to the converter. If the trim function is not used, leave the trim pin open.

Trim adjustments higher than the specified range can have an adverse effect on the converter's performance and are not recommended. Excessive voltage differences between output voltage sense voltage, in conjunction with trim adjustment of the output voltage; can cause the OVP circuitry to activate. Thermal derating is based on maximum output current and voltage at the converter's output pins. Use of the trim and sense function can cause output voltages to increase, thereby increasing output power beyond the converter's specified rating. Therefore: (Vout at Pins) X (lout) \leq rated output power.

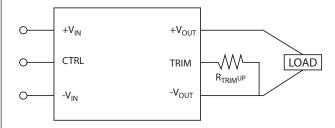


Figure 1. Trim connections to increase output voltage using fixed resistors

		Trim up resistor value ($K\Omega$)								
Vout	1%	2%	3%	4%	5%	6%	7%	8%	9%	10%
5VDC	102.6	49.3	27.5	18.2	11.7	8.0	5.2	3.1	1.4	0

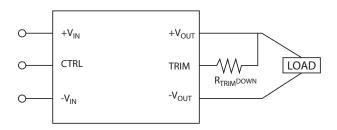


Figure 2. Trim connections to decrease output voltage using fixed resistors

	Trim down resistor value (K Ω)									
Vout	-1%	-2%	-3%	-4%	-5%	-6%	-7%	-8%	-9%	-10%
5VDC	139.6	61.1	36	22.6	15.5	10.5	6.7	4.1	2.0	0.3

REGULATIONS							
Parameter	Condition	Value					
Output Voltage Accuracy	50% load	±1.5% max.					
Line Voltage Regulation	low line to high line	±0.3% max.					
Load Voltage Regulation	10% to 100% load	±0.5% max.					
Transient Response	25% load step change, Δlo/Δt=2.5A/us	800µs typ.					
Transient Peak Deviation	25% load step change, Δ lo/ Δ t=2.5A/us	±2%Vout max.					

Condition diccup Mode 10% load se temperature 0 O/P, at 70% RH	120% typ. 120°C, auto-recovery
10% load se temperature	
se temperature	120°C, auto-recovery
<u>'</u>	120°C, auto-recovery
0/P at 70% RH	2250VDC / 1 Minute
·	
Case, O/P to Case	1500VDC / 1 Minute
O/P , at 70% RH	100M Ω min.
I/P to O/P	1500pF typ.
	0 O/P , at 70% RH I/P to O/P ed. A input fuse must be always used. Recon



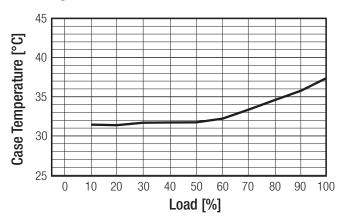
Series

Specifications (measured @ ta= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

ENVIRONMENTAL							
Parameter	Condition		Value				
Relative Humidity			95%, non condensing				
Temperature Coefficient			±0.04% / °C max.				
Thermal Impedance	natural convection, mounting at FR4 (254x254mm) PCB	vertical horizontal	4.6°C/W 6.4°C/W				
Operating Temperature Range	start up at -45°C		-45°C to (see calculation)				
Maximum Case Temperature			+115°C				
MTBF	according to MIL-HDBK-217F (+	,	609 x 10 ³ hours				

Derating Graph

(Ta= +25°C, natural convection, typ. Vin and vertical mounting)



Calculation

$$R_{thcase-ambient} = 4.6$$
°C/W (vertical)

$$R_{thcase-ambient} = 6.4$$
°C/W (horizontal)

$$R_{\text{thcase-ambient}} = \frac{T_{\text{case}} - T_{\text{ambient}}}{P_{\text{dissipation}}}$$

$$P_{\text{dissipation}} = \ P_{\text{IN}} - P_{\text{OUT}} \ = \ \frac{P_{\text{OUTapp}}}{\eta} - \ P_{\text{OUTapp}}$$

 T_{acc} = Case Temperature

T_{ambient} = Environment Temperature

 $P_{dissipation}$ = Internal losses P_{IN} = Input Power P_{OUT} = Output Power

 η = Efficiency under given Operating Conditions

 $R_{thcase-ambient}$ = Thermal Impedance

Practical Example:

Take the RPP30-2405S with 50% load. What is the maximum ambient operating temperature? Use converter vertical in application.

$$\mathrm{Eff}_{\mathrm{min}} = 90\% \ @ \ V_{\mathrm{nom}}$$

$$P_{OUT} = 30W$$

$$P_{OUTapp} = 30 \times 0.5 = 15W$$

$$P_{dissipation} = \frac{P_{OUTapp}}{\eta} - P_{OUTapp}$$

$$R_{th} = \ \frac{T_{casemax} - T_{ambient}}{P_{dissipation}} \ \ \text{-->} \ 4.6 ^{\circ}\text{C/W} = \ \frac{115 ^{\circ}\text{C} \ \ \text{-} \ \ T_{ambient}}{1.48\text{W}}$$

 $\eta = \sim 91\%$ (from Eff vs Load Graph)

$$P_{dissipation} = \frac{15}{0.91} - 15 = 1.48W$$

$$T_{ambientmax} = 108.2^{\circ}C$$

continued on next page



Series

Specifications (measured @ ta= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

Soldering

Hand Soldering

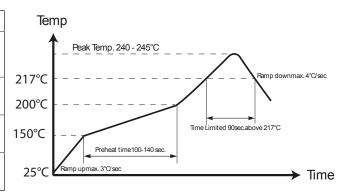
Hand Soldering is the least preferred method because the amount of solder applied, the time the soldering iron is held on the joint, the temperature of the iron and the temperature of the solder joint are variable.

The recommended hand soldering guideline is listed in Table 1. The suggested soldering process must keep the power module's internal temperature below the critical temperature of 217°C continuously.

Wave Soldering

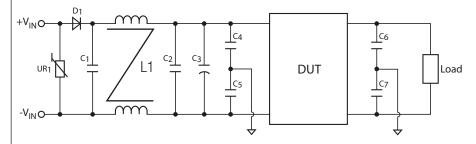
High temperature and long soldering time will result in IMC layer increasing in thickness and thereby shorten the solder joint lifetime. Therefore the peak temperature over 245°C is not suggested due to the potential reliability risk of components under continuous high-temperature. In the meanwhile, the soldering time of temperature above 217°C should be less than 90 seconds. Please refer to the soldering profile below for recommended temperature profile parameters.

Table 1 Hand-Soldering Guideline						
Parameter	Single-side Circuit Boad	Double-side Circuit Board	Multi-layers Circuit Board			
Soldering Iron Wattage	90W	90W	90W			
Tip Temperature	385 ±10°C	420 ±10°C	420 ±10°C			
Soldering Time			4-10 seconds			



SAFETY AND CERTIFICATIONS							
Certificate Type (Safety)	Report Number	Standard					
Information Technology Equipment, General Requirements for Safety	E224236	UL-60950-1, 1st Edition					
Certificate Type (Environmental)	Condition	Standard / Criterion					
Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement		EN55022, Class B					
ESD Immunity Test	±8kV Air Discharge, ±6kV Contact Discharge	IEC61000-4-2, Criteria B					
RF Field Strengh Susceptibility Test	10V/m	IEC61000-4-3, Criteria A					
Electrical Fast Transient Test / Burst Immunity Text	±4kV Applie d	IEC61000-4-4, Criteria B					
Surge Immunity Test	±4kV Applied	IEC61000-4-5, Criteria B					
Conducted Disturbance Susceptibility Test	10V rms	IEC61000-4-6, Criteria A					
Vibration	50-150Hz, along X, Y and Z	EN60068-2-6					
Thermal Cycling (complies with MIL-STD-810F)	12 cycles	EN60068-2-14					
Shock	5g / 30ms	EN60068-2-27					

EMC Filtering - Suggestions



It is recommended to add UR1, D1 and C1 in railway application. C1, L1, C2 and C3 can be modified for required EMI standards. To meet EN61000-4-2, module case should be earth grounded. We offer independent case pin option on request.

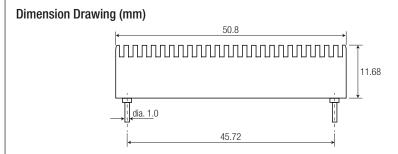
Standard	UR1	D1	C1	L1	C2	C3	C4, C5, C6, C7
EN55022 Class B	MOVIADOCIV	E0V / 0A	1.5µF / 250V	550μH ±20%	6.8µF / 50V	220 / 50./	0.47pFV1.Cop
EN61000-4-2, 3, 4, 5, 6	MOV 14D361K	MOV 14D361K 50V / 9A	N/A	N/A	N/A	- 330μF / 50V	0.47nF Y1-Cap

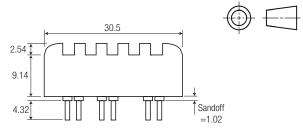


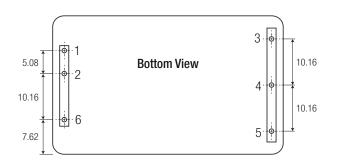
Series

Specifications (measured @ ta= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

DIMENSION AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICSParameterValueMaterial (3)AluminiumPackage Dimension (LxWxH)50.8 x 30.5 x 12.7mmPackage Weight39g







Pin # Single 1 +Vin 2 -Vin 3 +Vout 4 -Vout 5 Trim 6 CTRL Tolerance: ±0.8mm

Pin Connections

Notes:

Note3:

To ensure a good all-round electrical contact, the bottom plate is pressed firmly into place into the aluminium case. The hydraulic press can leave tooling marks and deformations to both the case and plate. The case is anodised aluminium, so there will be natural variations in the case colour and the aluminium is not scratch resistant. Any resultant marks, scratches and colour variations are cosmetic only and do not affect the operation or performance of the converters.

INSTALLATION and APPLICATION Test Set-up Printed Circuit Board 5μH 50Ω 50 Ohm temination LISN out DC rcvr ₽ Filter Power Product Source **5**μ**H 50**Ω 1m Twisted Pair LISN Resistive Load Optional Connection to Earth Ground 50 Ohm input **EMC** Computer Reciever

PACKAGING INFORMATION							
Parameter	Туре	Value					
Packaging Dimension (LxWxH)	Tube	160.0 x 55.0 x 20.0mm					
Packaging Quantity		4pcs					
Storage Temperature Range		-55°C to +125°C					

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