

Features

ICE Technology*

- +115°C Maximum Case Temperature
- -45°C Minimum Case Temperature
- Built-in EMC Filter
- Ribbed Case Style
- 2250VDC Isolation
- Built-in EMC Filter, EN-55022 Class B

Description

The RPP30 series 2:1 input range DC/DC converters are ideal for high end industrial applications and COTS Military applications where a very wide operating temperature range of -45°C to +115°C is required. Although the case size is very compact, the converter contains a built-in EMC filter EN-55022 Class B without the need for any external components. The RPP30 is available in a ribbed case style for active cooling. They are UL-60950-1 certified.

Selection Guide

Part Number	Input Voltage Range (VDC)	Input Current (mA)	Output Voltage (VDC)	Output Current (mA)	Efficiency typ. (%)	Max. Capacitive Load (µF)
RPP30-2424D	18-36	1400	±24	±630	90	±220

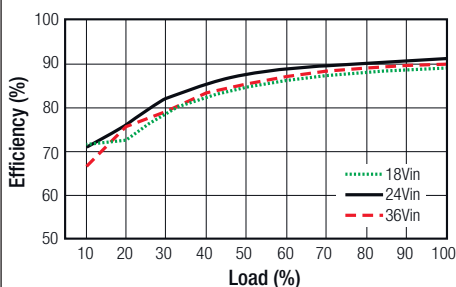
Notes:

Note1: Typical values at nominal input voltage and full load.

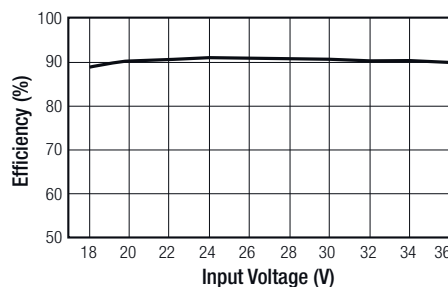
Specifications (measured at T_A= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

BASIC CHARACTERISTICS				
Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.
Input Voltage Range		18VDC	24VDC	36VDC
Transient Input Voltage	≤100ms			50VDC
Inrush Current	with EMC Filter without EMC Filter			20A 40A
Under Voltage Lockout	DC-DC ON DC-DC OFF	17.5VDC		17VDC
Remote ON/OFF	ON / high logic OFF / low logic	Open, 4.5V Short, 0V		5.5V 1.2V
Remote OFF Input Voltage	nominal input		5mA	
Start-up Time	when use CTRL function		5ms	20ms
Operating Frequency		270kHz	300kHz	330kHz
Efficiency	typ. Vin, full load	89%	90%	
Minimum Load		10%		
Output Ripple and Noise	20MHz limited, 1µF output MLCC		240mVp-p	360mVp-p

Efficiency VS. Load



Efficiency VS. Input Voltage



RECOM

DC/DC Converter

RPP30-2424D

30 Watt 2:1
2" x 1.2"



Ribbed Style
Dual Output



UL-60950-1 Certified
EN-55022 Certified

* ICE Technology

ICE (Innovation in Converter Excellence) uses state-of-the-art techniques to minimise internal power dissipation and to increase the internal temperature limits to extend the ambient operating temperature range to the maximum.

Refer to Applications Notes

Specifications (measured at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

REGULATIONS

Parameter	Condition	Value
Output Voltage Accuracy	50% load	$\pm 1.5\%$ max.
Line Voltage Regulation	low line to high line	$\pm 0.3\%$ max.
Load Voltage Regulation	10% to 100% load	$\pm 0.5\%$ max.
Cross Regulation	10% to 100% load	3% typ. / 5% max.
Transient Response	25% load step change, $\Delta I_o / \Delta t = 2.5\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	800 μs typ.
Transient Peak Deviation	25% load step change, $\Delta I_o / \Delta t = 2.5\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	$\pm 2\% V_{out}$ max.

PROTECTIONS

Parameter	Condition	Value
Output Power Protection (OPP) ⁽²⁾	Hiccup Mode	120% typ.
Over Voltage Protection (OVP)	10% load	120% typ.
Over Temperature Protection (OTP)	case temperature	120°C, auto-recovery
Isolation Voltage	I/P to O/P, at 70% RH I/P to Case, O/P to Case	2250VDC / 1 Minute 1500VDC / 1 Minute
Isolation Resistance	I/P to O/P, at 70% RH	100M Ω min.
Isolation Capacitance	I/P to O/P	1500pF typ.

Notes:

Note2: combines Over Load Protection and Short Circuit Protection

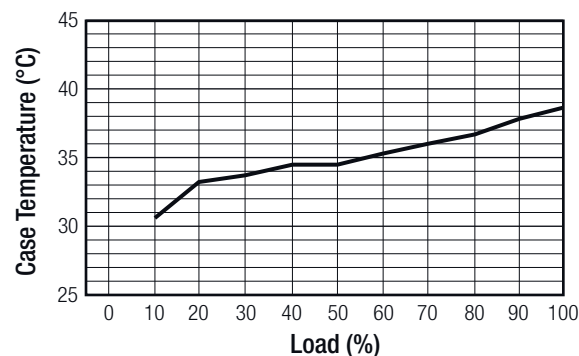
Note3: This Power Module is not internally fused. A input fuse must be always used. Recommended Fuse: T2.5A

ENVIRONMENTAL

Parameter	Condition	Value
Relative Humidity		95%, non condensing
Temperature Coefficient		$\pm 0.04\%$ / °C max.
Thermal Impedance	natural convection, mounting at FR4 (254x254mm) PCB vertical horizontal	4.6°C/W 6.4°C/W
Operating Temperature Range	start up at -45°C	-45°C to (see calculation)
Maximum Case Temperature		+115°C
Storage Temperature Range		-55°C to +125°C
MTBF	according to MIL-HDBK-217F (+50°C G.B.) according to BellCore-TR-332 (+50°C G.B.)	609 x 10 ³ hours 1541 x 10 ³ hours

Derating Graph

($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$, natural convection, typ. V_{in} and vertical mounting)



continued on next page

Specifications (measured at T_A= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

Calculation

$R_{th\ case-ambient} = 4.6^{\circ}C/W$ (vertical)
 $R_{th\ case-ambient} = 6.4^{\circ}C/W$ (horizontal)

$R_{th\ case-ambient} = \frac{T_{case} - T_{ambient}}{P_{dissipation}}$

$P_{dissipation} = P_{IN} - P_{OUT} = \frac{P_{OUTapp}}{\eta} - P_{OUTapp}$

- T_{case} = Case Temperature
- T_{ambient} = Environment Temperature
- P_{dissipation} = Internal losses
- P_{IN} = Input Power
- P_{OUT} = Output Power
- η = Efficiency under given Operating Conditions
- R_{th\ case-ambient} = Thermal Impedance

Practical Example:

Take the RPP30-2424D with 50% load. What is the maximum ambient operating temperature? Use converter vertical in application.

Eff_{min} = 89% @ V_{nom}

P_{OUT} = 30W

P_{OUTapp} = 30 x 0.5 = 15W

$P_{dissipation} = \frac{P_{OUTapp}}{\eta} - P_{OUTapp}$

η = ~88% (from Eff vs Load Graph)

$P_{dissipation} = \frac{15}{0.88} - 15 = 2.05W$

$R_{th} = \frac{T_{casemax} - T_{ambient}}{P_{dissipation}} \rightarrow 4.6^{\circ}C/W = \frac{115^{\circ}C - T_{ambient}}{2.05W}$

T_{ambientmax} = 105.6°C

Soldering

Hand Soldering

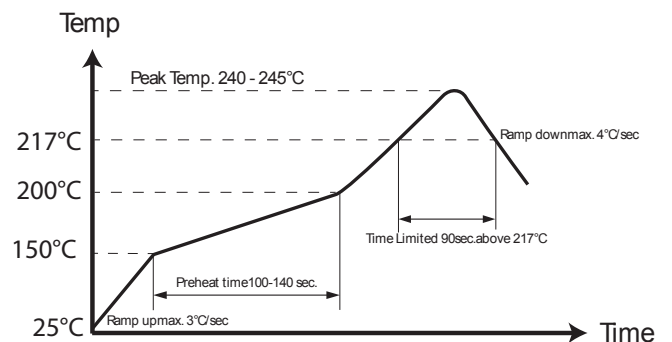
Hand Soldering is the least preferred method because the amount of solder applied, the time the soldering iron is held on the joint, the temperature of the iron and the temperature of the solder joint are variable.

The recommended hand soldering guideline is listed in Table 1. The suggested soldering process must keep the power module's internal temperature below the critical temperature of 217°C continuously.

Wave Soldering

High temperature and long soldering time will result in IMC layer increasing in thickness and thereby shorten the solder joint lifetime. Therefore the peak temperature over 245°C is not suggested due to the potential reliability risk of components under continuous high-temperature. In the meanwhile, the soldering time of temperature above 217°C should be less than 90 seconds. Please refer to the soldering profile below for recommended temperature profile parameters.

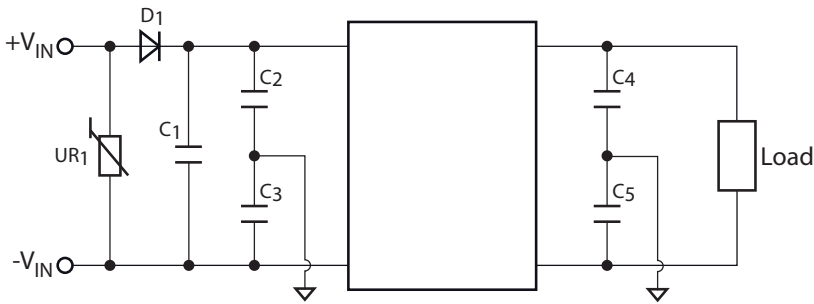
Table 1 Hand-Soldering Guideline			
Parameter	Single-side Circuit Board	Double-side Circuit Board	Multi-layers Circuit Board
Soldering Iron Wattage	90W	90W	90W
Tip Temperature	385 ±10°C	420 ±10°C	420 ±10°C
Soldering Time	2-6 seconds	4-10 seconds	4-10 seconds



Specifications (measured at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

SAFETY AND CERTIFICATIONS		
Certificate Type	Report / File Number	Standard / Edition
UL General Safety	E224236	UL-60950-1, 1st Edition
Certificate Type (Environmental)	Conditions	Standard / Criterion
EMI	$\pm 8\text{kV}$ Air Discharge, $\pm 6\text{kV}$ Contact Discharge Level 3, 10V/m $\pm 4\text{kV}$ Applied $\pm 4\text{kV}$ Applied Level 3, 10V rms 50-150Hz, along X,Y and Z 12 cycles 5g / 30ms	EN-55022, Class B
ESD		EN-61000-4-2, Criteria B
Radiated Immunity		EN-61000-4-3, Criteria A
Fast Transient		EN-61000-4-4, Criteria B
Surge		EN-61000-4-5, Criteria B
Conducted Immunity		EN-61000-4-6, Criteria A
Vibration		EN-60068-2-6
Thermal Cycling (complies with MIL-STD-810F)		EN-60068-2-14
Shock		EN-60068-2-27

EMC Filtering - Suggestions



It is recommended to add UR1, D1 and C1 in railway application. To meet EN61000-4-2, module case should be earth grounded. We offer independent case pin option on request, the location is upon pin 1.

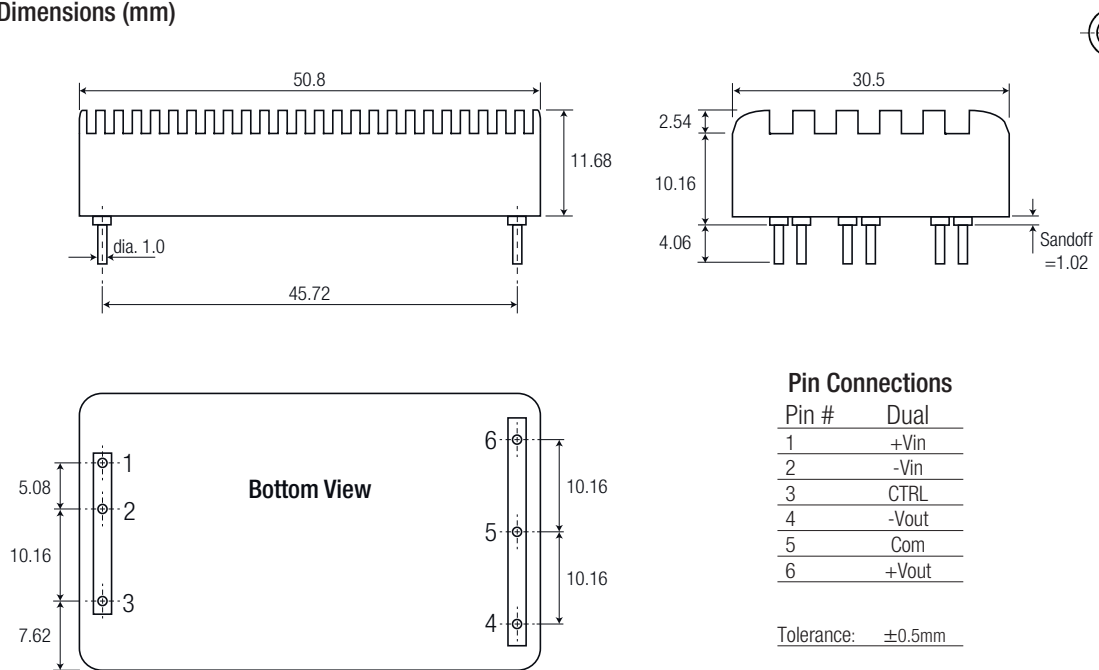
RPP	Standard	UR1	D1	C1	C2, C3, C4, C5
	EN61000-4-2, 3, 4, 5, 6	MOV 14D361K	100V / 3A	680 μF / 250V	471pF / 3kV

DIMENSIONS AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Parameter	Value
Material ⁽⁴⁾	Aluminium
Dimensions (LxWxH)	50.8 x 30.5 x 12.7mm
Weight	39g
Packaging Dimensions (LxWxH)	160 x 55 x 20mm
Packaging Quantity	4pcs / Tube

continued on next page

Specifications (measured at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

Mechanical Dimensions (mm)



Notes:

Note4: To ensure a good all-round electrical contact, the bottom plate is pressed firmly into place into the aluminium case. The hydraulic press can leave tooling marks and deformations to both the case and plate. The case is anodised aluminium, so there will be natural variations in the case colour and the aluminium is not scratch resistant. Any resultant marks, scratches and colour variations are cosmetic only and do not affect the operation or performance of the converters.

Test Set-up

