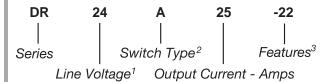
Single Output to 30A 510 Vac DIN-Rail Solid-State Relav

Part Number	Description
DR24D25	25A 275 Vac Output
DR24A25	25A 275 Vac Output
DR24A25-22	25A 275 Vac Output
DR48D25-21	25A 480 Vac Output
DR48D25	25A 510 Vac Output
DR48R25	25A 510 Vac Output
DR48A25	25A 510 Vac Output
DR48A25-22	25A 510 Vac Output
DR48D30	30A 510 Vac Output

Part Number Explanation



NOTES

- 1) Line Voltage (nominal): 24 = 240 Vac; 48 = 480Vac
- 2) Switch Type: D = Zero-cross turn-on; A = Zero-cross, AC control; R = Random turn-on
- 3) Features: 21 = self turn-on suppression; 22 = 24 Vac control

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION

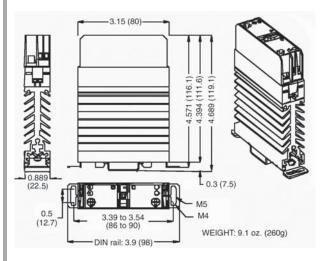


Figure 1 — DR relays; dimensions in inches (mm)



FEATURES/BENEFITS

- Mounting and dismounting on DIN rail without any tool or directly mountable on panel
- Zero-cross and random models; thyristors output
- Large control range
- Green control LED
- Very high immunity
- · Low leakage current
- Internal transient suppression

DESCRIPTION

The Series DR single-phase DIN-rail relays are designed for all types of loads. The relays utilize optical isolation to protect the control from load transients. DR relays have an integral heat sink, and can be mounted and dismounted onto a DIN rail without any tools. The relays may also be panel mounted. All relays offer a green control LED and transient suppression.

APPLICATIONS

- Heating control
- Motor control
- Industrial and process control

APPROVALS

Series DR relays are pending UL recognition.

TYPICAL APPLICATION

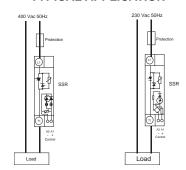
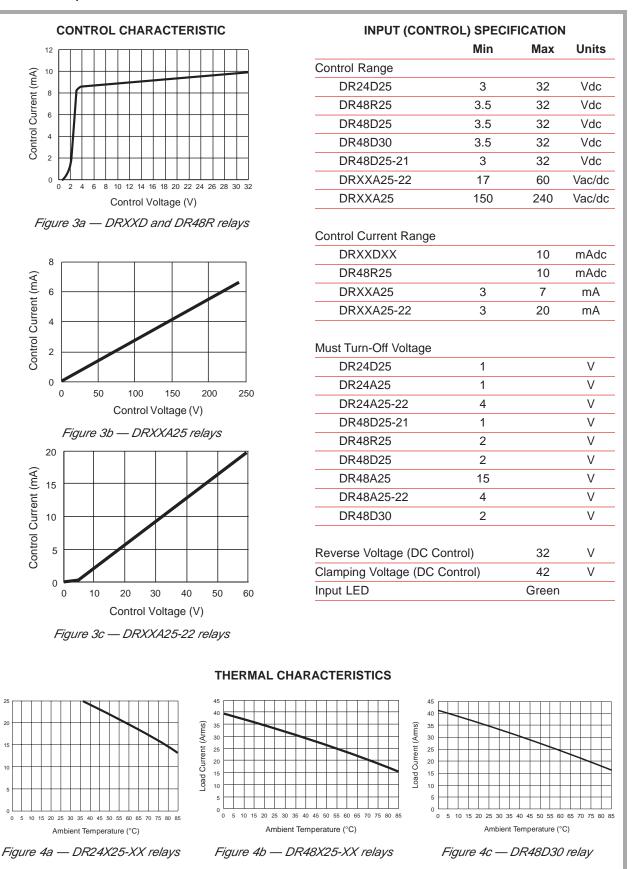


Figure 2 — DR relay DC control (left) and DR relay AC control (right)



Load Current (Arms)





OUTPUT (LOAD) SPECIFICATION				OUTPUT (LOAD) SPECIFICATION (Continued)			
	Min	Max	Unit		Min	Max	Unit
Operating Range				Thermal Resistance (June	tion to Air)		
DR24	12	275	Vrms	DR24		3.8	°C/W
DR48D25-21	12	480	Vrms	DR48X25		3.3	°C/W
DR48	24	510	Vrms	DR48D30		3.2	°C/W
Peak Voltage				Off-State Leakage Currer	nt (60Hz)	1	mA
DR24		600	Vpeak				
DR48		1200	Vpeak	Turn-On Time (60Hz)			
				DRXXD		8.3	ms
Clamping Voltage				DRXXA		24.9	ms
DR24 (@1mA)		430	V	DR48R25		0.1	ms
DR48D25-21 (O	N voltage, typical)	950	V				
DR48 (@1mA)		820	V	Turn-Off Time (60Hz)			
				DRXXD		8.3	ms
Load Current Range (See Figure 4)				DRXXA		24.9	ms
DRXXX25-XX	.005	25	Arms	DR48R25		8.3	ms
DR48D30	.005	30	Arms				
				Operating Frequency Ran	ge 0.1	440	Hz
Zero-Cross Window ((Typical)			Off-State dv/dt		500	V/µs
DR24	() ()	10	V				
DR48D25-21		10	V	I ² t for match fusing (<8.3m	ns)		
DR48R25	F	Random	 I	DR24	,	312	A ² S
DR48D25	`	20	V	DR48X25		1500	A ² S
DR48A25		20	V	DR48D30		5000	A ² S
DR48A25-22		20	V				
DR48D30		20					
				ENVIRONMENT	AL SPECIF	ICATION	
Non-Repetitive Overl	oad Current (See F	Figure 5	<i>(</i>)		Min	Max	Unit
DR24	oaa Garroni (Goo i	250	A	Storage Temperature	-30	100	°C
DR48X25		550	A	Operating Temperature	-30	80	°C
DR48D30		1000	A	Input-Output Isolation	4000		Vrms
DIV40D00		1000					
On-State Voltage Dro	on (Typical)			Output-Case Isolation			
DR24	p (Typical)	0.85	V	DR24	2500		Vrm
DR24 DR48X25		0.85		DR48	4000		Vrms
DR48D30		0.9					
DV40D90		0.75	V	Insulation Resistance	100		$M\Omega$
Output Power Dissipa	ation (Typical)			Rated Impulse Voltage	4000		V
	0.9xl+0.015xl ²		W				
DR24			W				
DR24 DR48X25	$0.81xI + 0.08xI^{2}$						

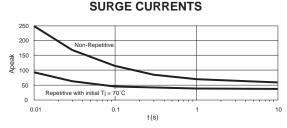


Figure 5a — DR24 relays

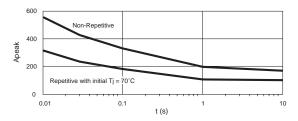


Figure 5b — DR48X25 relays

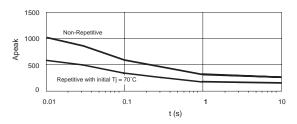


Figure 5c — DR48D30 relay

DIN-RAIL MOUNTING

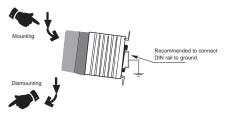


Figure 6 — DR relay

PANEL MOUNTING

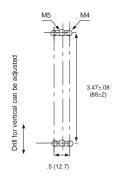
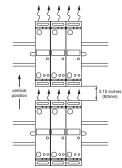


Figure 7 — DR relay

NOTES:

- Connections: For output terminals, the wire cross sections must be adapted to the load current and to the overcurrent protection device characteristics. The relay rated voltage must be adapted to the mains rated voltage. These relays use screw clamp connections.
- 2. Mounting: Only in vertical position.

 Protect heat-sensitive materials as well as people from contact with the heat sink. For non vertical mounting, the load current must be derated by 50%. The SSR requires air convection. Lack of air convection produces an abnormal heating. Keep a distance between the upper SSR and the lower SSR (see figure on the right). In case of zero space between two SSRs, reduce the load current. It's suggested to maintain the heat sink temperature under 90°C. Forced cooling significantly improves the thermal performances.



 Typical application loads: The DR relay may handle motor and resistive loads. For different loads, check the inrush

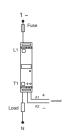
current at turn-ON and possible overvoltages at turn-OFF or contact the factory.

- Incandescent lamps Inrush current is generally 10 times the current nominal for 10ms.
- Electric discharge lamp These loads often have overcurrent at turn-ON and overvoltage at turn-OFF. Use 480Vac SSR on 240Vac mains.
- Transformer loads Very high inrush current, up to 100 times the nominal current.
- Capacitive loads Very high current at turn-On and overvoltage at turn-Off. Use only zero-cross models.
- 4. Protection: To protect the SSR against a short-circuit of the load, use a fuse with a l²t value = 1/2 l²t value.
- 5. EMC:

Immunity: Immunity levels of the DR comply with EN61000-4-4 &5.

Emission: The system integrator must ensure that systems containing SSRs comply with the requirements of any rules and regulations applicable at the system level. The very low zero-cross voltage (<20V) improves the conducted emission level in comparison with most SSRs with zero-cross voltage higher than 50V.

All electrical parameters specified at 25°C unless otherwise noted.



CONNECTIONS

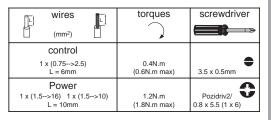


Figure 8 — DR relay